A Note on Overall Scenario from NSSO Round 61 (2004-05) and Round 68 (2011-12)

Overall analysis of NSSO Round 61 (2004-05) - Table 1 and Round 68 (2011-12) - Table 2 reveals that:

Population (Fig. 1) of Muslims being 13.8 percent (12.7%)* illiterates are 15.9 percent (13.9%) Graduates and above 6.4 percent (6%) and workers are 11.7 percent (10.2%).

Employment (Fig. 2) that of Muslims in agriculture 7.5 percent (7.3%), but in important services such as modern services is only 8.3 percent (7.7%) and Government/Public Sector 7 percent (6.2%) which is lower than the population 13.8 percent (12.7%). Whereas, employment in industry is 17.7 percent (16.6%) and traditional services 18.1 percent (17.8%) is higher as compared to population 13.8 percent (12.7%).

In education (Fig. 3) Muslims have shown a downward trend from below primary to higher education in round 61 (2004-05) and that trend has also continued in round 68 (2011-12) which is also lower than the population 12.7 percent in round 61 (2004-05) as well as 13.8 percent of round 68 (2011-12).

In case of Hindu-UC (Fig. 5) the scenario is opposite showing an upward trend for higher education as percentage in both round 61 (2004-05) and round 68 (2011-12) is higher than that of population 21.2 percent and 20.1 percent in round 61 (2004-05) and round 68 (2011-12) respectively. Whereas, for Hindu-OBC (Fig. 4) the percentage at different education levels is different being around the same in both the rounds. But the trend in education for Hindu-SC/ST (Fig. 6) is same as that of Muslims showing a downward trend from below primary to higher education in both the rounds 61 (2004-05) and 68 (2011-12). In the case of Other Minorities (Fig. 7), though in round 68 (2011-12) at all education levels the percentage has decreased as compared to round 61 (2004-05) but it is showing an upward trend for higher education in both the rounds.

Note: *Percentages in parenthesis are for NSSO - Round 61 (2004-05)

Table 1 - Percentage Distribution Across Socio-Religious Groups - Round 61 (2004-05)

Indicators	Muslim	Hindu OBCs	Hindu-UC	Hindu SCs/STs	Other Minorities
Population	12.7	35.1	21.2	25.5	5.4
Education:					
Illiterate	13.9	36.4	13.0	32.6	4.0
Literate without Formal Schooling	20.4	31.0	17.7	26.9	4.0
Below Primary	16.2	35.9	18.5	26.4	5.1
Primary	13.6	35.4	21.6	23.4	6.0
Middle	11.0	36.7	26.3	19.6	6.4
Secondary	8.8	33.2	35.8	14.0	8.2
Higher Secondary	7.4	30.5	41.3	13.0	7.8
Diploma / Certificate	6.8	33.7	35.3	11.1	13.0
Graduate & Above	6.0	23.4	54.3	8.4	8.0
Workers	10.2	36.5	20.3	27.3	5.7
Status:					
Total Population	12.7	35.1	21.2	25.5	5.4
Self Employed, Unpaid Family Worker, Employers	11.1	39.4	22.6	21.3	5.6
Regular Salary	9.0	30.7	33.6	19.3	7.4
Casual Workers	9.0	33.7	9.1	43.2	4.9
Sector:					
Agriculture	7.3	39.3	16.7	31.3	5.4
Industry	16.0	34.8	18.9	25.0	5.2
Traditional Services	17.8	31.8	26.5	18.0	5.8
Modern Services	7.7	28.3	39.5	16.4	8.1
Government/public sector	6.2	27.3	35.9	23.3	7.2

Table 2 - Percentage Distribution Across Socio-Religious Groups - Round 68 (2011-12)

Indicators	Muslims	Hindu OBCs	Hindu- UC	Hindu SCs/ST	Other Minorities
Population	13.8	36.0	20.1	25.2	4.8
Education:					
Illiterate	15.9	36.7	12.1	31.8	3.5
Literate without Formal Schooling	28.5	26.5	17.3	24.8	2.9
Below Primary	15.7	36.8	16.0	27.6	3.9
Primary	15.3	34.7	18.2	26.5	5.3
Middle	12.7	37.3	21.6	23.3	5.0
Secondary	10.8	37.5	28.4	16.8	6.5
Higher Secondary	8.7	35.2	33.8	15.4	6.9
Diploma / Certificate	7.2	39.6	30.8	12.6	9.8
Graduate & Above	6.4	29.1	47.2	10.3	7.0
Workers	11.7	36.8	19.4	26.9	5.1
Status:					
Total Population	13.8	36.0	20.1	25.2	4.8
Self Employed, Unpaid Family Worker, Employers	12.4	39.4	21.4	21.7	5.1
Regular Salary	10.7	31.8	31.7	18.9	6.9
Casual Workers	11.2	35.2	8.6	41.0	4.1
Sector:					
Agriculture	7.5	40.9	15.8	31.1	4.8
Industry	17.7	32.7	16.3	28.8	4.6
Traditional Services	18.1	34.6	25.6	16.7	5.1
Modern Services	8.3	31.0	33.9	19.3	7.5
Government/public sector	7.0	30.4	30.4	25.5	6.7

Percentage Share of Muslims Fig. 1

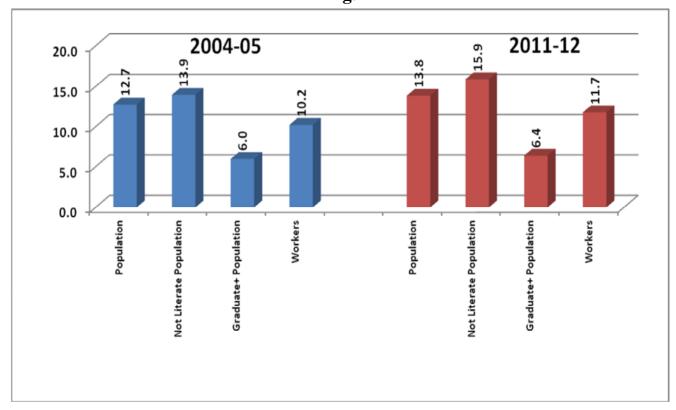
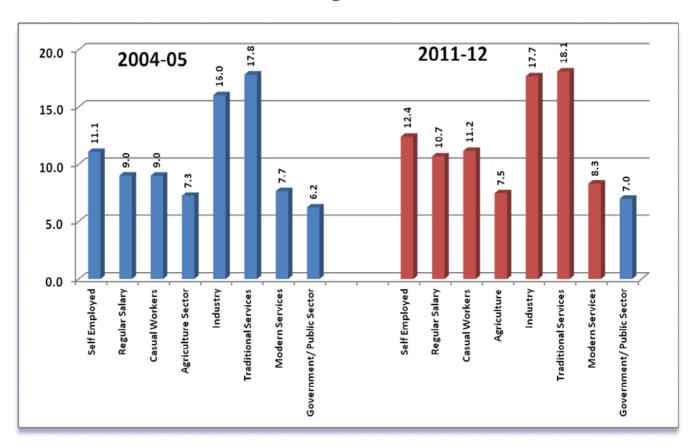


Fig. 2



Education Level across Socio-Religious Groups Fig. 3

