

Crime against Children in India - 2006 to 2016

- Compiled

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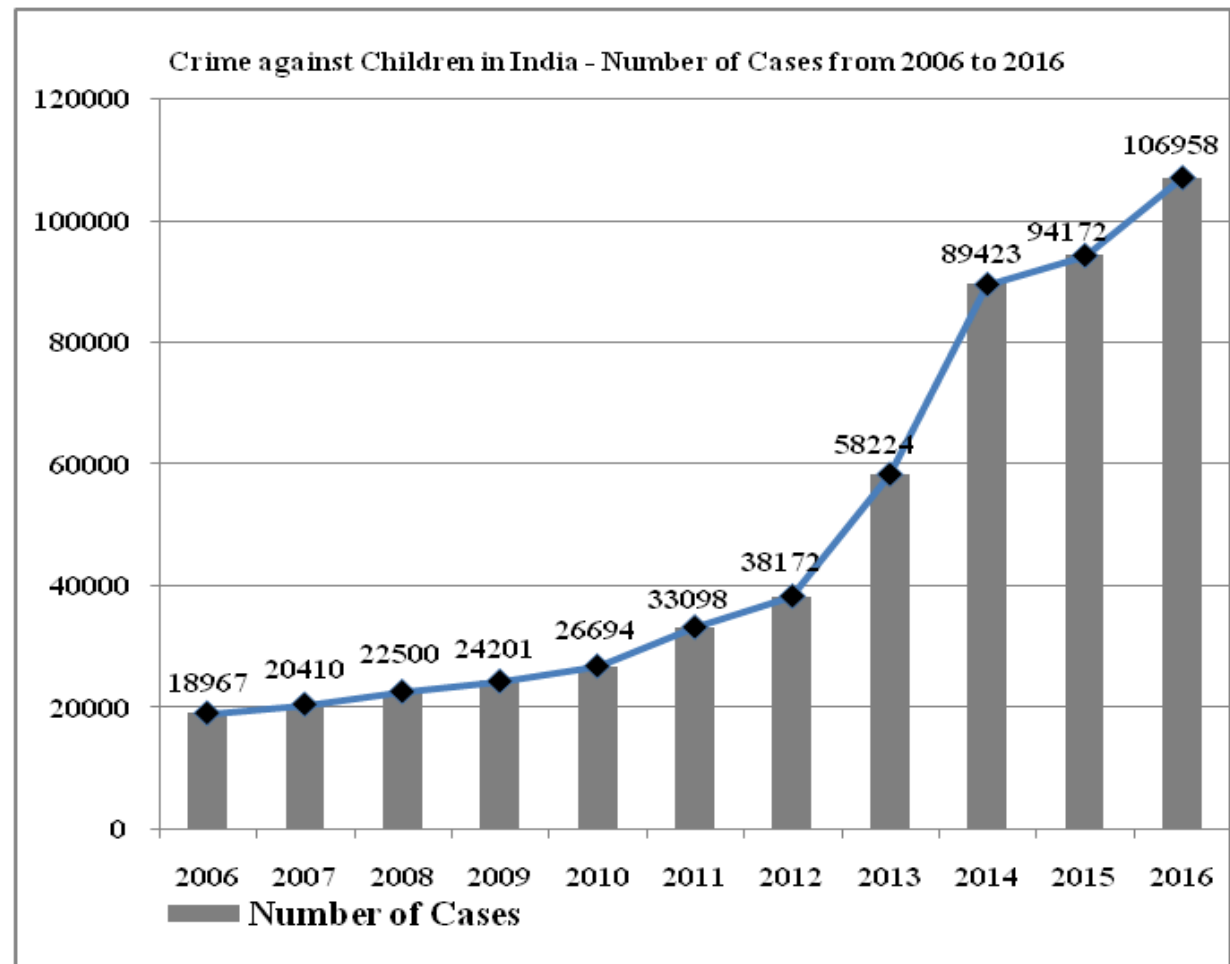
Crime against Children in India - 2006 to 2016

Crime against children in India depicts an increasing trend between 2006 and 2016. It has shown a steep rise in 2013 (58224) from 38172 of 2012 and also steeper in 2014 being 89423 from 58224 in 2013 (Table 1, Fig 1).

Table 1

S. No.	Year	Number of Cases
1	2006	18967
2	2007	20410
3	2008	22500
4	2009	24201
5	2010	26694
6	2011	33098
7	2012	38172
8	2013	58224
9	2014	89423
10	2015	94172
11	2016	106958

Fig 1



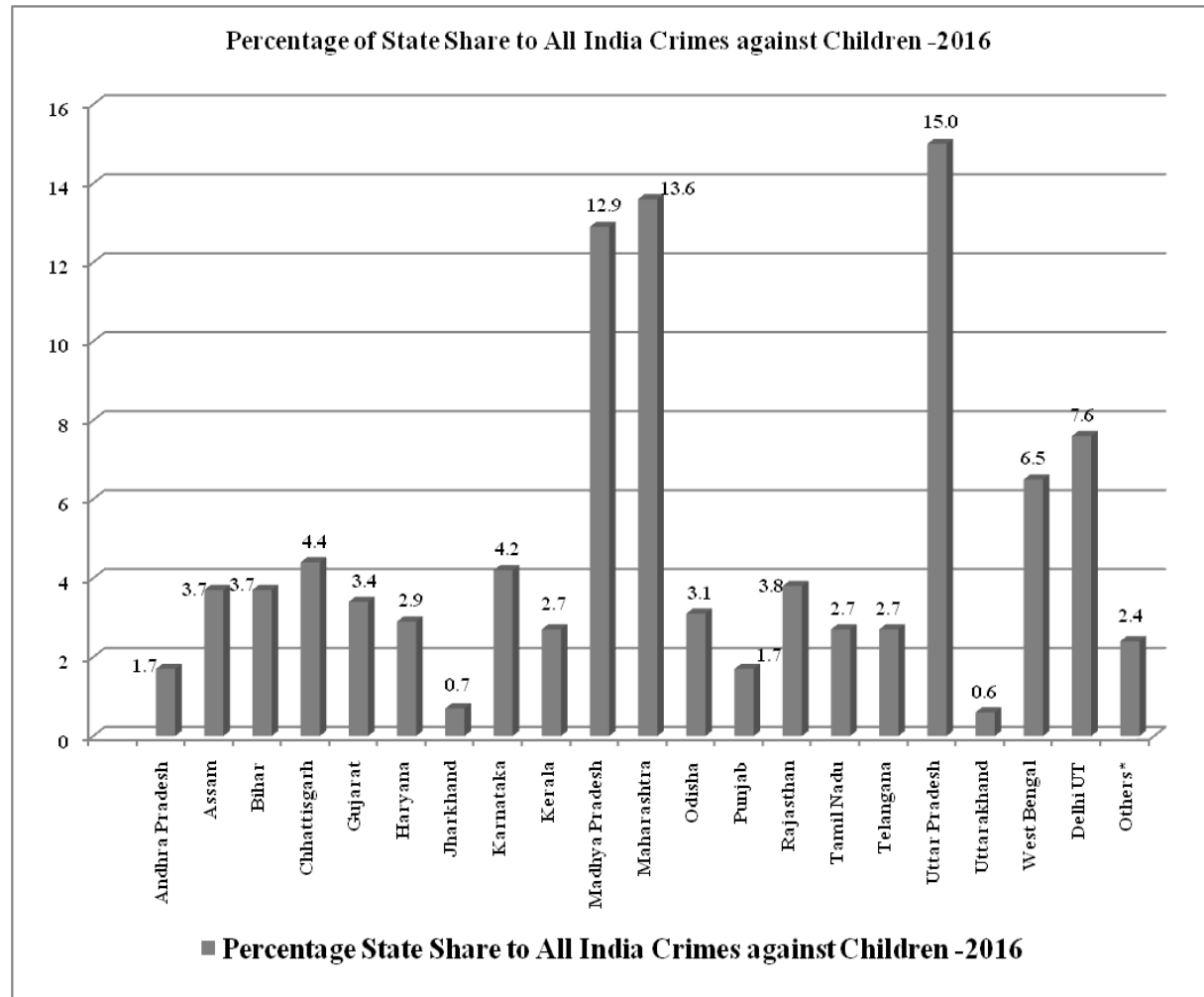
Percentage of State Share to All India Crimes against Children -2016

Percentage of State Share to All India Crimes against Children in 2016 (Table 2, Fig 2) is highest for Uttar Pradesh (15%) followed by Maharashtra (around 14%) and Madhya Pradesh being at third place (around 13%).

Table 2

S. No.	States/UTs	Percentage State Share to All India Crimes against Children -2016
1	Andhra Pradesh	1.7
2	Assam	3.7
3	Bihar	3.7
4	Chhattisgarh	4.4
5	Gujarat	3.4
6	Haryana	2.9
7	Jharkhand	0.7
8	Karnataka	4.2
9	Kerala	2.7
10	Madhya Pradesh	12.9
11	Maharashtra	13.6
12	Odisha	3.1
13	Punjab	1.7
14	Rajasthan	3.8
15	Tamil Nadu	2.7
16	Telangana	2.7
17	Uttar Pradesh	15.0
18	Uttarakhand	0.6
19	West Bengal	6.5
20	Delhi UT	7.6
21	Others*	2.4

Fig 2



Source: NCRB 2016

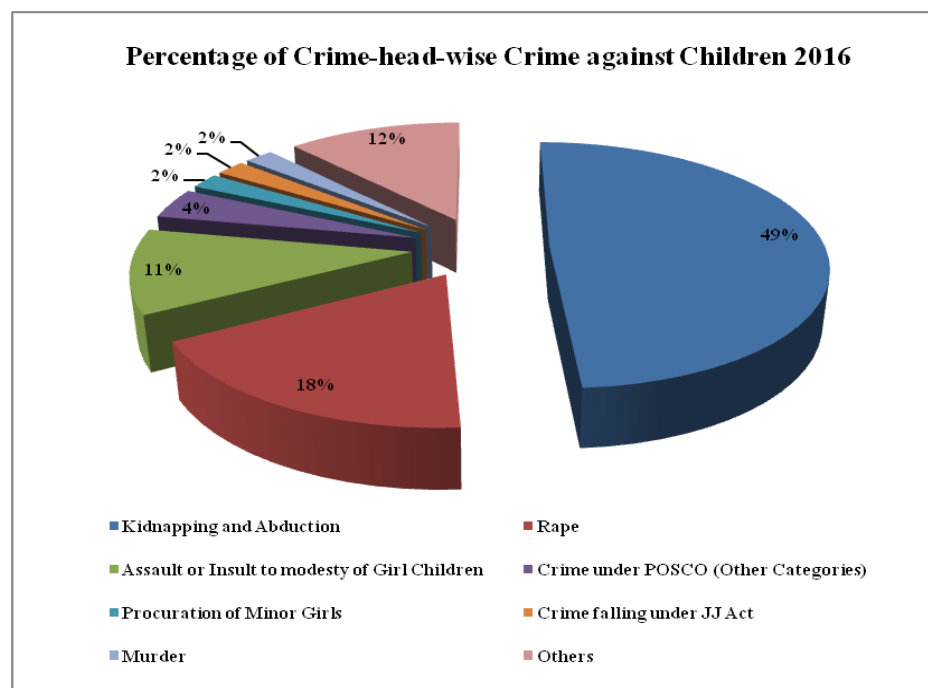
*Others = remaining (States + UTs)

Crime-head-wise Concentration of Crime against Children – 2016

Table 3

S. No.	Crime-head	Percentage of Crime-head-wise Crime against Children 2016
1	Kidnapping and Abduction	49%
2	Rape	18%
3	Assault or Insult to modesty of Girl Children	11%
4	Crime under POSCO (Other Categories)	4%
5	Procuration of Minor Girls	2%
6	Crime falling under JJ Act	2%
7	Murder	2%
8	Others	12%

Fig 3



Note:

More than 50% of crimes against children have been recorded in just five states, namely Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Delhi UT and West Bengal. While Uttar Pradesh tops the list with 15% of recorded crimes against children, Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh closely follow with 14% and 13% respectively (Table 2, Fig 2).

Kidnapping and Abduction of children continues to be the biggest crime against children, accounting for more than half of all crimes (48.9 per cent, number of crimes 52,253), as recorded in 2016. The next biggest category of crime against children is rape, amounting to more than 18 per cent of all crimes against children (Table 3, Fig 3).

Uttar Pradesh recorded maximum number of crimes under the categories of ‘Kidnapping & Abduction’ and ‘POCSO Act’; in both these categories Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh stand in the second and third slot respectively.

Source: NCRB, 2016.